

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/892,749	06/28/2001	Ikuo Sasazaki	826.1732	3645
21171 7590 09/27/2007 STAAS & HALSEY LLP SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			PESIN, BORIS M	
WASHINGTO			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2174	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/27/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

1		MN				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/892,749	SASAZAKI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAIL DIO DATE CHILL	Boris Pesin	2174				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNI R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI atute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	<u>0 July 2007</u> .	•				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
closed in accordance with the practice und	er Ex рапе Quayle, 1935 С.L	J. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-4 and 9-13 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.					
•	·					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the col	• ,	• •				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 35 U.S.C.	\$ 119(a)-(d) or (f)				
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	sign priority amount of cities.	3 110(4) (4) 5. (1).				
1. Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been received in A	Application No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	priority documents have beer	n received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bu		·				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies no	t received.				
Attachment(c)						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	) Paper No	(s)/Mail Date				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of 6)  Other:	Informal Patent Application				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06) Application/Control Number: 09/892,749

Art Unit: 2174

#### DETAILED ACTION

## Response to Amendment

This communication is responsive the amendment filed 7/10/2007.

Claims 1-4 and 9-13 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 are independent claims. In the amendment filed 7/10/2007, Claims 1, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 were amended. This action is made Non-Final.

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 7/10/2007 has been entered.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-4 and 9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Application/Control Number: 09/892,749 Page 3

Art Unit: 2174

Independent claims 1, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 were amended to include the limitation "each of the utterance objects including data and a procedure." There is no support for this limitation in the specification as filed. On page 2 of the specification, the Applicant discloses, "An object usually has data and a procedure (method) for the data and can also have link information with other objects." However, the Applicant does not indicate that an <u>utterance</u> object has data and a procedure. Furthermore, there is evidence in the specification that the Applicant distinguishes between an object and an utterance object. For instance, the last paragraph of Page 2 states, "An object of utterance is managed by an object ID..." Here, the Applicant has clearly distinguished between an object and a utterance object.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1, 2 and 9 – 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schoof, II (US 5440624) in view of Towell (US 6052680) further in view of Roberts (US 6601055).

In regards to claim 1, Schoof teaches an apparatus, comprising: a storage unit storing information about a discussion at an electronic conference, the information including respective utterance objects of respective speakers in the discussion ("transcription and digital storage of a complete record of the conference", Column 3, Line 17). Schoof does not specifically teach a judgment unit calculating one of a number of speakers in the discussion, a number of utterance objects in the discussion, a depth of a tree structure of the information stored about the discussion and a data amount of the information stored about the discussion as an index of an amount of the information stored about the discussion and said judgment unit deciding to hold a face-to-face conference if the index exceeds a specific value.

Towell teaches, "In the following, an exemplary system for determining whether to route an incoming e-mail to a rule-based system for responding to a product inquiry and/or a rule-based system for scheduling a meeting is described. Referring to FIG. 2, in this exemplary system, the message preprocessing process 260 is a text to word list translation process (see, e.g., the process 600 of FIG. 6), the relevance determination process 280 is a process for determining a cosine distance (see, e.g., steps 502, 504 and 506 of FIG. 5) between an m-dimensional vector based on a preprocessed message and an m-dimensional vector based on a word list which characterizes a decision system, the decision system 1 process 220a is a rule-based decision process

Page 5

Art Unit: 2174

for scheduling a meeting, the decision system N process 220b is a rule-based decision process for responding to a product information request, the input/output interface process(es) 230 includes a SCSI adapter, the decision parameter(s) storage area 270 includes a predetermined threshold value between zero (0) and one (1), the firm data storage area 250 contains product information, and the user data storage area includes data regarding a salesperson's work schedule, times when he or she will be in the office, and a rank ordered list of others which will handle the salespersons e-mail in their absence." (Column 8, Lines 5-27). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Schoof with the teachings of Towell and include a rule based system to schedule a meeting when certain criteria is met with the motivation to provide the user with a simple method of scheduling a meeting when appropriate.

Schoof and Towell do not specifically teach that words are utterance objects, which include data and a procedure. Roberts teaches that words can be utterance objects which include data and a procedure (i.e. "the invention comprising the steps of waiting for an utterance from a user; constructing an input object from the utterance, the input object identifying a modality, a sequence, and a content of the utterance; inserting the input object into an input stream; sending the input stream to a knowledge representation module; and parsing and encoding the input object in the knowledge representation module into an abstract statement." Column 4, Lines 60-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Schoof and Towell with the teachings of Roberts and include utterance objects

Art Unit: 2174

with the motivation to facilitate the application design and provide for easier encapsulation, modularity and code reuse.

In regards to claim 2, Schoof-Towell-Roberts teach all the limitations of claim 1. Towell further teaches an apparatus further comprising a notification unit notifying participants of the electronic conference of a holding of the face-to-face conference if said judgment unit determines to hold the face-to-face conference. (Figures 11-13).

Claims 9-13 are similar in scope to claim 1; therefore they are rejected under similar rationale.

Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schoof-Towell-Roberts in view of Garback et al. (US 5237499).

In regards to claim 3, Schoof-Towell-Roberts teach all the limitations of claim 2. They do not teach an apparatus further comprising a reservation unit making reservations for facilities needed to hold the face-to-face conference if said judgment unit determines to hold the face-to-face conference, said notification unit notifies expected participants of information about reserved facilities. Garback teaches a method wherein, "The CPU is programmed to select an individual group member itinerary for the specific venue which includes specific airline flights, and if necessary, specific hotel accommodations and specific rental car services." (Abstract, Line 14). Garback further teaches, "A response message, such as is illustrated in FIG. 4, is formatted in step 69 to be returned to the individual group member traveler." (Column 7, Line 15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

Art Unit: 2174

invention to modify Schoof-Towell-Roberts with teachings of Garback to include a method of reserving facilities needed to hold meetings with the motivation to provide a convenient process of organizing the facilities to host a meeting.

In regards to claim 4, Schoof-Towell-Roberts and Garback teach all the limitations of claim 3. Garback further teaches apparatus wherein said reservation unit makes reservations for transportation needed for the expected participants to participate at the face-to-face conference ("The CPU is programmed to select an individual group member itinerary for the specific venue which includes specific airline flights, and if necessary, specific hotel accommodations and specific rental car services." Abstract, Line 14); and said notification unit notifies the expected participants of information about reserved transportation. ("A response message, such as is illustrated in FIG. 4, is formatted in step 69 to be returned to the individual group member traveler." Column 7, Line 15).

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-4 and 9-13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Application/Control Number: 09/892,749

Art Unit: 2174

## Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Boris Pesin whose telephone number is (571) 272-4070.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday except every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine Kincaid can be reached on (571) 272-4063. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

BP

KRISTINE KINCAID

FERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TO SHOOL OGY CENTER 2100

Page 8